



CONSOLIDATED DISCLOSURE OF NON-FINANCIAL INFORMATION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2019

(Pursuant to Legislative Decree n. 254/2016)

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1. INTRODUCTION

On December 6, 2014, Directive 2014/95/UE (also the "**Directive**") of the European Parliament and Council, relating to the disclosure requirements about non-financial information and diversity policies for large public-interest entities, came into force. The Directive shows the will of the community legislator to contribute to the transition to a global sustainable economy that combines long-term profitability, social justice and environmental protection, by promoting the development of companies that adopt transparent management policies oriented to achieve better performances also in non-financial aspects.

Under Italian Law, the Directive was transposed by Legislative Decree n. 254 of December 30, 2016 (also the "Decree" or the "L.D. 254/2016"), which requires for the large public-interest entities¹ the publication of a consolidated disclosure of non-financial information (also the "NFI", shorthand for Non-Financial Information) which covers information, to the extent necessary to ensure an understanding of the group's activities, performance, results, and impact, related to five fields, which are: environmental, social, human resources, respect of human rights and active and passive anticorruption topics, which are relevant, considering the activities and the characteristics of the group. In particular the Decree, with reference to these five fields, requires at least a description of the main risks, generated or endured, any policies adopted, the related performance indicators and the business model for the management and organization of the activities (Art. 3 par. 1).

Gruppo MutuiOnline S.p.A. (the "Company"), as a large public-interest entity, is subject to the provisions of the above-mentioned Decree, starting from the disclosure for the year ended December 31, 2017. This NFI, which refers to 2019, reports data and information related to the financial year ended December 31, 2019 and, for comparison purposes, of the financial years ended December 31, 2017 and 2018.

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¹ As defined by Art. 1 par. 1 of the Decree

2. LETTER TO STAKEHOLDERS

Dear readers,

The obligation to prepare the Non-Financial Information, in accordance with Legislative Decree 254/2016, required the Group to start a process to report its performance in the environmental, social, personnel and human rights management, and anti-corruption areas and to pay even greater attention to the impacts that our activity produces on the social and environmental sphere in the short, medium and long term.

The Group's activities are based on respect for values such as legality, transparency, the protection of human resources, equal opportunities and the development of a positive working environment. Respect for such values, reported in the Code of Ethics, is extended to all employees and third parties with relations with the Group.

The Group currently has over 2,000 employees, who represent a fundamental resource for the business. For this reason, we have always promoted a culture focused on the valorization and growth of our employees, recognizing their results.

We hope that this report will be of interest for a better understanding of the most relevant non-financial aspects for the Group and its stakeholders.

Marco Pescarmona

Chairman of the Board

3. THE MUTUIONLINE GROUP

3.1 Description of the business model

Pursuant to art. 3, par. 1.a, of the L.D. 254/2016, a brief description of the business model adopted by the Group is provided below.

Gruppo MutuiOnline S.p.A., a company listed on the STAR segment of the Italian Stock Exchange's Telematic Market, is the holding company of a group of firms (the "Group") with an important position in the Italian market for the online comparison, promotion and intermediation of products provided by financial institutions and e-commerce operators (main websites www.mutuionline.it, www.mutuion

The Group operates through two different divisions (the "Divisions"), as described below.

The **Broking Division** operates in the Italian market for loan distribution as a credit intermediary, in the market for insurance distribution as a broker, and in the market for the promotion of ecommerce operators. The activities carried out by our Broking Division are organized mainly into the following business lines, on the basis of the type of underlying product:

- (a) **Mortgage Broking**: broking mortgage loans mainly through remote channels (www.mutuionline.it website) and through a network of agents in the field (Money360 Network);
- (b) **Consumer Loan Broking**: broking consumer loans (prevalently personal loans) through remote channels (<u>www.prestitionline.it</u> website);
- (c) **Insurance Broking**: broking insurance products, mainly motor third party liability and other motor insurance products through remote channels (<u>www.cercassicurazioni.it</u> website);
- (d) **E-Commerce Price Comparison**: comparison and promotion of e-commerce operators (www.trovaprezzi.it website).

The activity of the Broking Division is also carried out under the "**Segugio.it**" brand (<u>www.segugio.it</u> website), which operates as an aggregator for insurance and credit products, mainly propelled by television and online advertising focused on insurance products. Each section of the website is however managed by the product companies of the Group and the related revenues are reported within the above mentioned business lines.

The Broking Division also operates as an aggregator for further products, in particular bank accounts with the www.confrontaconti.it website and utilities (ADSL, electricity, gas) through the www.segugio.it website.

Besides, subsidiary Innovazione Finanziaria SIM S.p.A. – authorized provider of placement services to the public without underwriting or warranties pursuant to article 1, comma 5, letter c-bis) of Legislative Decree no. 58 of February 24, 1998 - operates, by means of the www.fondionline.it website, an on-line mutual fund supermarket.

The **BPO Division** provides outsourcing services of core processes for banks, credit institutions, insurance companies and investment companies, with a high level of specialization in some reference verticals.



Our BPO services are structured along six separate business lines, on the basis of the type of services rendered and the type of underlying financial product:

- (a) **Mortgage BPO**: provides remote loan sales and packaging and mortgage underwriting and closing services; in this business line we also include para-notarial services;
- (b) **Real Estate Services BPO**: offers real estate appraisal services and technical real estate services for operators in the financial sector;
- (c) **CQ** ("Cessione del Quinto") Loan BPO: provides loan application processing and portfolio management services for loans guaranteed by witholdings on salaries or pensions;
- (d) **Insurance BPO**: provides outsourcing services for the management of mass not-motor insurance claims;
- (e) **Investment services BPO**: provides complete operational service solutions and technology platforms to investment and management companies;
- (f) **BPO Leasing/Rental**: provides administrative outsourcing services for leasing and long-term rental operators.

3.1.1 Scale of the organization

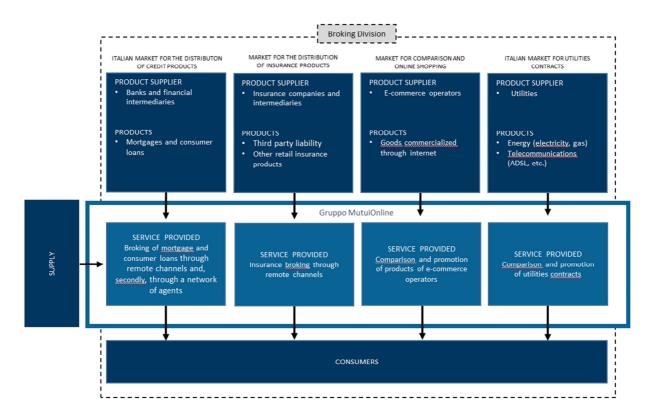
The Issuer show an average market capitalization equal to Euro 681 million in 2019. The consolidated revenues as of December 31, 2019 are equal to Euro 220 million, broken down by business lines as follows:

(euro thousand)	December 31, 2019
Mortgage Broking	39,072
Consumer Loan Broking Business	5,524
Insurance Broking	16,126
E-Commerce Price Comparison	23,778
Other revenues of Broking Division	2,288
Total revenues of the Broking Division	86,788
Mortgage BPO	46,459
Real Estate Services BPO	16,841
QC Loan BPO	18,650
Insurance BPO	8,537
Investment Services BPO	9,572
BPO Leasing/Rental	32,090
Other revenues of BPO Division	998
Total revenues of the BPO Division	133,147
Total revenues	219,935



3.1.2 Value chain

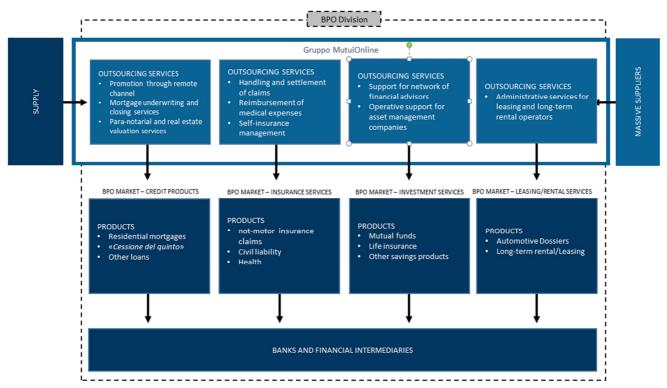
Below we provide a simplified representation of the Group's value chain, split for the Broking and BPO Divisions, useful for the mapping and description (in the following chapters of this document) of the risks, the operating model and the policies adopted with reference to the relevant topics pertaining to the five fields specifically required by the regulator in Legislative Decree 254/2016 art. 3 par. 1 (environmental, social, human resources, respect for human rights, anti-corruption).



The main items of the value chain of the Broking Division are:

- the services provided by the companies of Broking Division, which are positioned in their respective markets between the providers of the various products/services the product suppliers and the consumers who benefit from such services;
- the product suppliers, such as banks, financial intermediaries, insurance companies, ecommerce and utilities operators and the related products. The revenues of Broking Division
 are from the product suppliers, which benefit from the distribution and comparison services
 provided by the Group toward consumers;
- the consumers, as well as beneficiaries, of the different services provided by the companies of Broking Division; the services offered do not entail additional costs for the consumers who, for this reason, are described as beneficiaries of the services provided by the companies of Broking Division;
- the supply of goods and services useful to the pursuit of the activities of the Group (e.g. advertising, IT systems, advisory services, utilities, etc.).





The main items of the value chain of the BPO Division are:

- the services provided by the companies of the BPO Division, which impact different products in their respective markets (e.g. processing services for retail mortgage underwriting). The services provided by the Group are offered on behalf and sometimes in the name of its financial institution clients;
- the products related to the services provided by the companies of BPO Division;
- the customers who benefit from the services provided by the companies of BPO Division, such as banks, financial intermediaries, insurance companies, etc.;
- the supply of goods and services useful to the pursuit of the activities of the Group (e.g. advertising, IT systems, advisory services, utilities, etc.);
- the massive suppliers who provide certain services to the entities of the BPO Division (e.g. public notaries, real estate appraisers, insurance experts, etc.).

3.1.3 Stakeholders of the Group

The Group recognizes the importance of ethical and social responsibility in the conduct of business and corporate activities and it is committed to taking into account the legitimate interests of its stakeholders and the community in which it operates.

Stakeholders are entities or individuals with an interest in the activities of the Group or whose actions may significantly influence its activities. Below are reported the stakeholders identified as relevant for the Group, and the respective communication or engagement channels with them:

Stakeholder	Communication/engagement channels
Shareholders	Road shows and conference calls
	One-to-one meetings
Clients	Typical business meetings as part of business development
	Events and workshops
Competitors	Sector conventions
Employees	Internal communications through corporate dialogue channels
	Performance appraisal processes
	Meetings
	Corporate events
Supervisory bodies	Corporate documentation
Supplier	Business meetings
	Qualification and selection process
Final users	Group websites

The Group provides various communication channels to its stakeholders in order to receive reports of any violation of the Ethical Code. In 2019, there were no relevant aspects or reports of significant complaints received from stakeholders of the Group.

Finally, it should be noted that some companies of the Group are members of trade associations, such as Assilea, Assofin, Assovib, Unirec.

3.1.4 Group structure

As of December 31, 2019, the holding Gruppo MutuiOnline S.p.A. controls, also indirectly, the following companies:

- MutuiOnline S.p.A., Money360.it S.p.A., PrestitiOnline S.p.A., CercAssicurazioni.it S.r.l., Segugio.it S.r.l., Segugio Servizi S.r.l., 7Pixel S.r.l., ShoppyDoo S.L.U. (a company with registered office in Spain), Klikkapromo S.r.l. and Innovazione Finanziaria SIM S.p.A.: operating in the market for the online comparison, promotion and intermediation of products provided by financial institutions and e-commerce operators to retail consumers; together they represent the "Broking Division" of the Group;
- Centro Istruttorie S.p.A., Centro Finanziamenti S.p.A., Quinservizi S.p.A., CESAM S.r.l., Mikono S.r.l., Centro Processi Assicurativi S.r.l., EuroServizi per i Notai S.r.l., IN.SE.CO. S.r.l., MOL BPO S.r.l., Agenzia Italia S.p.A., 65Plus S.r.l., Eagle & Wise Service S.r.l., Eagle NPL Service S.r.l., Eagle Agency S.r.l., and Finprom S.r.l. (a company with registered office in Romania): companies operating in the Italian market for the provision of complex business process outsourcing services for the financial sector; together they represent the "BPO (i.e. Business Process Outsourcing) Division" of the Group;



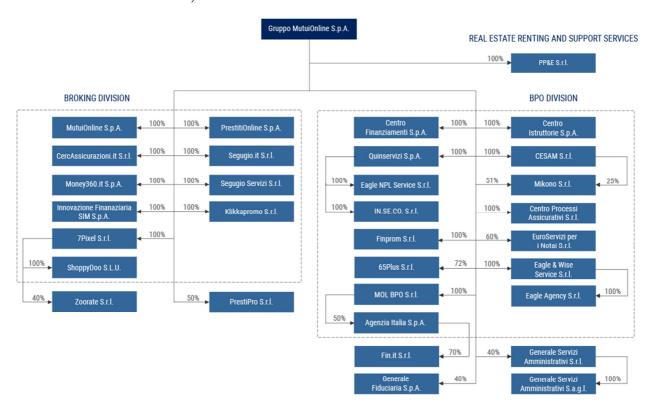
• PP&E S.r.l.: offering real estate renting and support services to the other Italian subsidiaries of the Issuer.

In addition, the holding owns 40% of the share capital of Generale Servizi Amministrativi S.r.l., 40% of the share capital of Zoorate S.r.l. through subsidiary 7Pixel S.r.l., 50% of the share capital of the joint venture PrestiPro S.r.l., 40% of the share capital of Generale Fiduciaria S.p.A. and 70% of the share capital of Fin.it S.r.l. through subsidiary Agenzia Italia S.p.A..

On January 9, 2019, the Group acquired 100% of the ordinary share capital of Eagle & Wise Service S.r.l.., a leading company in real estate appraisal services and in real estate technical services for financial institutions, together with its fully owned subsidiaries Eagle NPL Service S.r.l. and Eagle Agency S.r.l. (the "EW Group"). Following the acquisition of EW Group, the Issuer identified a new Business Line within the BPO Division, named "Real Estate Services BPO", which includes all real estate appraisal services and technical real estate services for financial sector operators. On July 9, 2019, subsidiary Eagle & Wise Service S.r.l. incorporated, through reverse merger, the parent company Effelle Ricerche S.r.l..

Finally, on January 22, 2019, the Issuer purchased a further 40.43% stake of 65Plus S.r.l., reaching a shareholding equal to 71.79% of the share capital. Following this transaction, starting from the acquisition date the company is consolidated on a line-by-line basis.

Therefore, the consolidation area as of December 31, 2019 is the following (the dashed line indicates the line-by-line consolidation area, which includes the Broking and BPO Divisions, as well as the holding Gruppo MutuiOnline S.p.A. and PP&E S.r.l., which complete the line-by-line consolidation area considered for this NFI):



With respect to 2018, the consolidation area changed following the acquisition of the EW Group and the consolidation on a line-by-line basis of 65Plus S.r.l..



The companies indicated above are all based in Italy, except for Finprom S.r.l., a company incorporated under Romanian law, and ShoppyDoo S.L.U., a company incorporated under Spanish law.

An overview about the registered offices of the companies of the Group is reported below.

As indicated in the methodological note, operating offices with less than 10 employees as at December 31, 2019² are excluded from environmental reporting. The following are the main operating sites of the Group with more than 10 employees as at December 31, 2019 and the relative companies that carry out their activities there.

OPERATING SITES COMPANIES

Milan	Gruppo MutuiOnline S.p.A.					
Via Desenzano, 2	MutuiOnline S.p.A.					
HEADQUARTER	PrestitiOnline S.p.A.					
	CercAssicurazioni.it S.r.l.					
	Segugio.it S.r.l.					
	Segugio Servizi S.r.l.					
	Money360.it S.p.A.					
	Innovazione Finanziaria SIM S.p.A.					
	Klikkapromo S.r.l.					
	Centro Istruttorie S.p.A.					
	Centro Finanziamenti S.p.A.					
	Mikono S.r.l.					
	EuroServizi per i Notai S.r.l.					
	PP&E S.r.l.					
	65Plus S.r.l.					
Cagliari <i>Via Igola snc</i>	Operating office of BPO Division					
Monastir (CA) SS 131 - KM 17,100	Operating office of Centro Istruttorie S.p.A. PP&E S.r.l.					
Faenza (RA)	Quinservizi S.p.A.					
Via Ossani, 14-30	IN.SE.CO. International Service Consulting S.r.l.					
Genova Via De Marini, 53	Centro Processi Assicurativi S.r.l.					
Giussago (PV) Via Lanzoni, 13	7Pixel S.r.l.					
Varese Via Dazio Vecchio 7	7Pixel S.r.l.					
Arad – Romania Str. Cocoril n.24/A	Finprom S.r.l.					

² Since this hypothesis refers only to situations that are not significant from an environmental point of view, it does not compromise the ability to ensure an understanding of the company's activities, its performance, results and impact, as required by the Legislative Decree 254/2016.

Oradea – Romania Str. Nufarului, Nr. 28E	Finprom S.r.l.
Conegliano (TV) <i>Via Alfieri, 1</i>	Agenzia Italia S.p.A.
San Vendemiano (TV) Via Venezia, 13	Agenzia Italia S.p.A.
Trento Via Lunelli, 27	Agenzia Italia S.p.A.
Sesto San Giovanni (MI) Via Milanese, 20	Operating offices EW Group ³

3.2 Corporate Governance

The Group adopts, as a reference model for its own corporate governance, the principles outlined in the Code of Conduct promoted by Borsa Italiana S.p.A. and complies with it.

As indicated in the Financial Report for year 2019, available on www.gruppomol.it website in the "Investor Relations" section, where additional information can be found, the Issuer adopts a traditional model of administration and control:

- the business management is assigned to the Board of Directors;
- the supervisory functions are handled by the Board of Statutory Auditors;
- the statutory audit as well as the accounting control activities are performed by the independent auditing firm appointed by the Shareholders' Meeting.

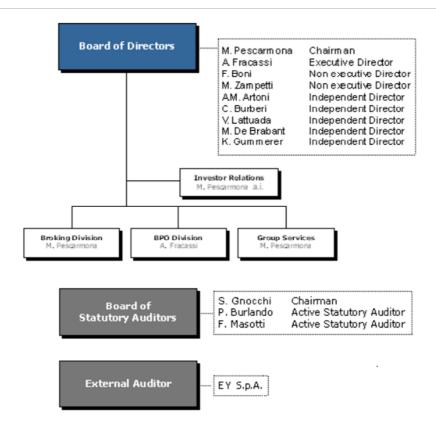
The composition of the Board of Directors of Gruppo MutuiOnline S.p.A., and in particular the disclosure required by Art. 104 par. 1 of the Legislative Decree 254/2016 pertaining the diversity of the administration, governing and control bodies is described in the Report on Corporate Governance and Ownership Structure for the year 2019 in paragraph 4.2.

Below we outline the high-level organizational structure of the Group as of December 31, 2019, provided that each controlled company remains self-standing and organizationally autonomous.

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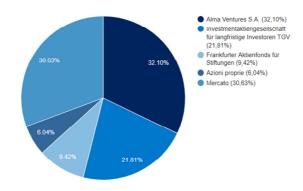
³ Operating site until December 2019, as from January 2020 the operating site of CESAM S.r.l., Eagle & Wise Service S.r.l., Eagle Agency S.r.l. and Eagle NPL S.r.l. is located in Viale Sarca, 222 - Milan

⁴ "Changes to the Legislative Decree n. 58 of February 24, 1998"



3.2.1 Ownership as of December 31, 2019

The ownership as of December 31, 2019 is shown below:





4. QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE DESCRIPTION OF RISKS, POLICIES ADOPTED AND/OR PRACTICED, BUSINESS MODEL AND PERFORMANCE INDICATORS WITH REFERENCE TO THE FIVE TOPICS INDICATED BY THE LEGISLATIVE DECREE 254/2016

4.1 Map and legend for reading the chapter

Consistently with the art. 3 of the Decree, par. 1 and 2, this NFI includes both descriptive aspects (e.g. policies, risks, governance) and results in term of performance.

In order to comply with L.D. 254/2016, with reference to the five fields indicated by the regulator (environmental, social, human resources, respect for human rights, anti-corruption), during 2019 the Group performed the following key steps:

- update of the materiality analysis;
- update of the mapping of the main risks, generated or endured, that arise from the activities of the Group, from its products, services or business relations, included the supply chain, and the management arrangements adopted;
- update of the qualitative contents of the adopted policies, if applicable, and of the governance model adopted for the management of the five topics indicated by the regulator;
- implementation of processes for the collection, aggregation and transmission of the data and information required for the performance indicators selected based on the relevant topics for the Group and required by the selected reporting standard (for further details please refer to the Methodological Note of this document).

For a greater accessibility to the text, we decided to describe first the qualitative transversal disclosures (applicable to the five topics), and subsequently the qualitative and quantitative disclosures related to the individual topics required by the regulator.

4.1.1 Material topics

In line with the provisions of the Decree and the Reporting Standard, in 2019 the Group updated the materiality analysis developed for the previous financial year. The topics that the company considered relevant were selected from the "Topic-specific Standard" list provided by the GRI Sustainability Reporting Standards, which represent the reporting standards used for this NFI, based on the outcome of the following analyses:

- global sustainability trend analysis, such as the main non-financial aspects taken into consideration by the most important stock exchanges which published guidelines for sustainability reports (Sustainability Stock Exchange Initiative), by the sustainability rating agencies (DJSI, MSCI, etc.), by international organizations (GRI, World Economic Forum, etc.) and by governments (EU, UN, etc.);
- sector stress analysis, such as the non-financial aspects that emerged as relevant for the market sector of the Group. In particular, we analyzed the directions included in the publications of some international organizations (e.g. RobecoSam) for the Brokerage, Diversified Financials and Insurance, and IT Services sectors;

• Group priorities recognition, with reference to the five topics of the L.D. 254/2016, based on the analysis of the main business documents (Ethical Code, Organizational Model pursuant to Law Decree 231/2001, etc.) and interviews to top management.

The results of the analyses carried out were also the subject of a workshop involving the Group's top management and in which, through a topic prioritization exercise, the material topics were defined and validated. The topics identified as material, and therefore subject to reporting in this NFI, reflect the environmental, social, personnel management, human rights and anti-corruption impacts that are significant for the Group. During the workshop, in particular, non-financial topics were analyzed by top management along the following dimensions:

- the impact that the Group has from an economic, environmental and social point of view as well as the contribution that it can generate (negative or positive);
- the relevance of economic, environmental and social topics in relation to the extent to which they can influence the assessments and decisions of the stakeholders of the Group.

The non-financial topics identified as material for this year are shown below:

Areas of L.D. 254/2016	Material non-financial topics for the Group				
Environment	Energy consumption				
	Atmospheric emissions (greenhouse gas)				
Social	Privacy protection				
	Social and economic compliance				
	Business ethics				
Human resources	Personnel management				
Human rights	Non-discrimination				
Anti-corruption	Fight against corruption				

It should be noted that, compared to the previous year and regarding the protection of human rights, the Group has identified as material the topic of non-discrimination. This topic, in line with other aspects reported by the Group (e.g. the fight against corruption), was identified as material not as a result of the risk associated with the occurrence of such events within Group companies, but as a result of the topicality of the issue on the national and international scene. Finally, with regard to personnel-related aspects, the Group did not consider training and education material in 2019, given the relative importance of these activities for the Group's business.

Pursuant to the analysis performed, some of the topics expressly indicated by the Legislative Decree 254/2016 resulted not relevant (in particular: the use of water resources, the polluting emissions in the atmosphere, the impact on the environment, on the health and on the safety related to significant environmental and health risk factors, the actions taken to ensure gender equality, the actions taken to implement international and supranational conventions concerning employment, how the dialogue with social parties occurred). The Group considered the relevance of such topics not significant, considering the activities performed and the countries where the companies of the Group operate, as well as the connected risks.

4.1.2 Risks

The main risks identified for the five non-financial topics required by the regulator, that may be relevant in the perspective of the continuation of the Group long-term business strategy, are reported below in each thematic paragraph.

We instead consider as transversal risks (homogeneously applicable for all non-financial topics) the reputational risks related for example to the failure to respect formal commitments of the organization or to the onset of critical issues – environmental, social, relating to service quality, pertaining the corruption, etc. – relating to the supply chain.

The activity of non-financial risk identification is carried out in addition to the mapping and risk management process related to the sensitive areas of activity described in the Organizational Model pursuant to Law Decree 231/2001 (please also refer to the "Model" section below). In this context, we point out that the internal control and risk management system implemented by the Group is based on the principle that the risk is managed by the directly involved business process owner. The main risks are reported and discussed at level of Group top management, in order to create the conditions for their mitigation, insurance and evaluation of the residual risk.

4.1.3 Policies adopted and/or practiced

The Group Ethical Code, adopted by all the companies of the Group, except for Agenzia Italia S.p.A. and Eagle & Wise Service S.r.l., as they have their own 231 Model and the relative Ethical Code, defines the behavior standards and the guidelines pertaining the topics requested by the Legislative Decree 254/2016. Currently, we considered it unnecessary to formalize further Group policies with specific reference to the topics indicated by the Decree, also in the light of the functioning of the established practices. The main policies adopted by the Group regarding those topics are indicated in the paragraphs named "Policies adopted and/or practiced" in the following pages.

It is the responsibility of the top management to evaluate the potential opportunity to proceed to the formalization of appropriate policies.

In correspondence with each individual paragraph, the policies adopted by subsidiaries Agenzia Italia S.p.A. and Eagle & Wise Service S.r.l. are also briefly reported and described. These subsidiaries, considering their recent acquisition, have begun a process of integration and alignment with Group practices.

4.1.4 Model

The Group adopted the Organizational Model pursuant to Law Decree 231/2001 (also the "231 Model") which represents, together with the Ethical Code, a further means of sensitization of all employees and all those who, for various reasons, collaborate with the Group in order to ensure, in the carrying out of their activities, proper and clear behaviors coherent with the ethical and social values to which the Group is inspired, in the pursuit of the business object and such as, however, to prevent the risk of committing the crimes considered by the Decree. The 231 Model was implemented after having evaluated the level of risk of committing the crimes considered by the 231 Model. During 2018, the 231 Model and the Ethical Code of the Group were updated and published website link: the Group's institutional the following https://www.gruppomol.it/eng/governance/other documents.asp.



It is worth pointing out that subsidiaries Agenzia Italia S.p.A. and Eagle & Wise Service S.r.l. adopt a 231 Model and an Ethical Code different from those adopted by the Group, in compliance with the same principles. In the course of the discussion, any differences between the organizational models of the Group and those of Agenzia Italia S.p.A. and Eagle & Wise Service S.r.l., as well as aspects relating to the latter's internal procedures with respect to non-financial issues, will therefore be explained, where needed. It should be noted that the organizational model of Agenzia Italia S.p.A. was updated in May 2019.

In addition to what is described above, the operating management of the topics pertaining the five areas indicated by Decree 254/2016, is delegated to the individual companies of the Group, if such aspects are applicable. The minimum requirement that all companies of the Group must ensure, without possibility of derogation, is compliance with locally applicable regulations (e.g. environmental, related to health and safety aspects, to the fight against corruption, etc.).

4.1.5 Performance indicators

The Group reports non-financial indicators coherently with the issues identified with the materiality analysis described in the paragraph 3.1.1. In the following pages, in correspondence with each topic of L.D. 254/2016, we report the quantitative and qualitative data required by the disclosure standard, with some detailed indications, if relevant, useful to the comprehension of the data.

Any specifications regarding the calculation methodology and the extension of the data coverage are reported in the Methodological Note or, on a case-by-case basis, specified in correspondence with the pertaining data.

4.2 Environmental field

4.2.1 Material topics

Based on the analysis conducted (for any details please refer to the introduction of this chapter), the material environmental topics for the Group appear to be:

- energy consumption;
- atmospheric emissions (greenhouse gas).

4.2.2 Risks

The main risks identified in the environmental field, that may be relevant in the perspective of the pursuit of our long-term business strategy, are attributable to:

- compliance risks, in case of regulatory developments, linked in particular to energy consumption and to the related direct and indirect greenhouse gas emissions;
- financial risks, linked to the energetic needs of the Group, that could involve missed financial savings.

The Group's risk management procedures are based on a process aimed at increasing the production of electricity from renewable sources through the installation of photovoltaic panels at its operating sites.

4.2.3 Policies adopted and/or practiced

The Group, as indicated in the Group Ethical Code, is committed to respect the environment in compliance with all regulations for the protection of environmental and personnel safety.

In 2019, the operating office of Finprom in Romania, has adopted an environmental policy named "Go Green Policy", which provides a series of rules or suggestions aimed at using renewable resources and proactively reducing pollution in various areas, such as travelling by public transport, the separate collection of waste and consumables, incentives to use bicycles to go to work, extending the life time of company assets, and the intelligent use of electricity.

4.2.4 Model

The operating management of energy consumptions is delegated to the individual companies/operating offices. The commitment to the safeguard of the environment is realized through the use of renewable energy sources in some of the main offices where the Group carries its own activity. In particular, the operating office of 7Pixel S.r.l. in Giussago (Province of Pavia) uses a photovoltaic system that, in addition to covering the energetic needs of the company, produces an electricity surplus that is re-entered into the national electrical grid. The Group has also built photovoltaic systems for its operating sites in Cagliari and Monastir, which have gone into operation in the first months of 2019.

4.2.5 Performance indicators

The indicators related to the environmental field, and to the material topics linked to it, concern the direct and indirect energy consumption by the Group and the related greenhouse gas emissions.

The most significant energy consumptions of the Group are related to the electric energy supply from the national grid. Lower consumptions are instead linked to natural gas, mainly used for heating some offices. Diesel and gasoline fuel consumptions, finally, are related to the occasional functioning of back-up power generators, and to some of the vehicles used by personnel of the Group. The increase of electric energy and fuel consumptions is attributable to the contribution for 12 months of Agenzia Italia S.p.A. and to the acquisition of EW Group.

	Unit of measurement	2019	2018 ⁶	2017
Natural Gas	GJ	3,084.9	2,303.9	1,491.3
Diesel Fuel	GJ	1,656.1	1,155.5	1.4
Petrol Fuel	GJ	152.0	-	-
Electricity from national electrical grid ⁷	GJ	10,333.1	9,788.9	8,100.4
Total	GJ	15,226.1	13,248.4	9,593.0

Concerning the electric energy production through renewable sources, in 2019 the total production of installed plants amounts to 1,709.9 GJ (719.0 GJ in 2018), largely used to cover the energetic needs of the offices where these plants are located. The significant increase of the energy production through renewable sources is due to the photovoltaic systems at the Cagliari and Monastir sites.

Energy produced from renewable sources								
	Unit of measurement	2019	2018	2017				
Energy from renewable sources produced and consumed	GJ	1,428.9	547.8	461.7				
Energy from renewable sources produced and sold	GJ	281.0	171.2	86.4				
Total	GJ	1,709.9	719.0	548.1				

In 2019, the total energy consumption, from non-renewable sources, of the Group is therefore equal to 15,226.1 GJ, to which are added 1,428.9 GJ of energy consumption from renewable sources. Finally, regarding greenhouse gas emissions, coherently with consumption, the most significant values are recorded for the emissions due to the electric energy supply, equal to 993.9 tons of CO₂ in 2019.

⁵ As detailed in the Methodological Note, environmental reporting refers to all the Group operating sites with at least 10 employees.

⁶ Finally, it should be noted that the figure for natural gas consumption in 2018 has been updated according to new information made available during 2019. Related direct emissions (Scope 1) have been consequently updated.

⁷ Regarding the electricity purchased through the electrical grid, the percentage of electricity produced through renewable sources depends on the individual national electric mix.



Direct (Scope 1) and energy indirect (So	cope 2) emissior Unit of measurement	ns of greenhous 2019	e gases 2018	2017
Fuel consumption (Scope 1)	tCO _{2eq}	309.9	217.2	83.0
Electric energy - Location based (Scope 2)	tCO ₂	993.9	916.4	797.1
Total - Location based	tCO ₂	1,303.8	1,133.6	880.2
Electric energy- Market based (Scope 2)	tCO ₂	1,324.7	1,253.2	1,037.2

4.3 Social field

4.3.1 Material topics

Based on the analysis conducted (for any details please refer to the introduction of this chapter), the material social topics for the Group appear to be linked to the following aspects:

- business ethics;
- social and economic compliance;
- privacy protection.

4.3.2 Risks

The main risks identified in the social field, which may be relevant in the perspective of the pursuit of our long-term business strategy, are attributable to:

- reputational risks, for example related to the transparency with which information is transmitted to the consumers by the Group, to the protection of consumers' and customers' privacy as well as market policies (e.g. anti-competitive behavior);
- compliance and legal risks, due to the failure to respect regulatory obligations, also due to unfair competition and other behaviors which involve penalties under the current Italian and European regulations (e.g. insider trading). According to the 231 Model adopted by the Group, concerning the potential of industry and commerce disruption crimes, we notice that the activities that can be considered as "sensitive" are those related to negotiations with current or potential clients; with reference to potential market abuse crimes, the sensitive areas of activity concern the handling of confidential, privileged and price sensitive information.

In response to such risks, the Group has developed and implemented specific internal policies and procedures aimed at the operational management of these areas and described below. These tools, together with those required by current legislation, guarantee organizational and management controls in terms of business ethics, compliance with social and economic laws and regulations and privacy safeguard.

During 2019, given the Group's sensitivity to privacy issues, the Issuer and most of the companies of the BPO division, despite the absence of legal obligations in this regard, have appointed a data protection officer, who will be responsible for monitoring, assessing and expressing opinions in relation to the management of the processing of personal data of the companies in which he has been appointed, ensuring compliance with European and national privacy regulations. For the role of data protection officer, an independent specialized company has been appointed, which is deemed to have the necessary qualifications and skills.

4.3.3 Policies adopted and/or practiced

The Group, as indicated in its Ethical Code, ensures the respect of legality, impartiality, honesty and confidentiality standards, established by company regulations. The Ethical Code also provides a set of standards related to privacy and the protection of confidential information, and to the proper use of available electronic devices, that all employees and collaborators must comply with. Furthermore, always based on the Ethical Code, all relationships with competitors are characterized by loyalty and correctness and the Group disapproves any kind of agreement with competitors in order to fix prices, to manipulate or split markets or clients, to boycott clients, to try to unfairly monopolize a



market or to commit to other actions or agreements which would limit or put restrictions on competition.

4.3.4 Model

Some of these standards related to the privacy and the protection of confidential information are translated in more operating terms by the internal documentation related to policies and IT security procedures. This documentation defines the Information Security Management System ("ISMS"), adopted by the Group according to the guidelines of regulation ISO/IEC 27001, and it describes how we pursue our aims for information security. This document is available to all employees through the institutional website and to interested third parties, on explicit request, in PDF or paper format. The review process is managed by the Internal Audit function in coordination with the IT Function, and the review of the ISMS occurs at least annually or concurrently with significant changes.

During 2019, the Group approved the publication of the final version of the Integrated Management System documents, including the procedure: "Data Breach Management and Communication Process", which aims to provide to the Group the information and tools to fulfil its obligations provided by GDPR (in this case, Articles 33 and 34) in the event of personal data violation.

As part of the protection of privacy and in line with the Group's management approach, Agenzia Italia S.p.A. has adopted an information security policy prepared in compliance with the requirements of ISO 27001:2013. The Policy defines the framework of principles, guidelines and rules, including roles and responsibilities, that must be adopted for the security of information of Agenzia Italia S.p.A.. The scope of application of the policy coincides with the perimeter of the ISMS. In compliance with the provisions of the national transposition of the EU Regulation 2016/679, Agenzia Italia S.p.A. has also adopted a policy dedicated to the personal data privacy management. Finally, Agenzia Italia S.p.A. has adopted a procedure dedicated to the management of data breaches, which defines the processes, operating methods and responsibilities with which to manage any incidents relating to information security.

4.3.5 Performance indicators⁸

During the years ended December 31, 2017, 2018 and 2019 no complaints were received from the public authorities for the non-compliance with privacy laws.

During the years ended December 31, 2017, 2018 and 2019 the Group did not receive penalties related to non-compliance with laws and regulations in the social and economic field.

During the years ended December 31, 2017, 2018 and 2019 there were no ongoing or completed legal actions for anti-competitive behaviors or violations of antitrust laws.

⁸ It should be noted that the materiality threshold for these cases is Euro 10 thousand.

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4.4 Human resources

4.4.1 Material topics

Based on the analysis conducted (for any details please refer to the introduction of this chapter 4), the personnel management topic resulted as material for the Group.

4.4.2 Risks

The main risks identified in the human resources field, which may be relevant in the perspective of the pursuit of our long-term business strategy, are attributable to:

- operating risks, linked in particular to a possible high turnover or lack of attraction of talents, in a business where the human factor is key for the production of the service itself;
- compliance risks, due to the failure to respect regulatory obligations with reference to employment laws. Such events could expose the companies of the Group to penalties and also criminal proceedings, (e.g. crimes included in the 231 Model).

In order to manage the potential critical issues arising from these risk factors, Group companies promote behavior and practices that guarantee correct personnel management, in line with the principles defined in the Ethical Code. In particular, to manage the risk of retention failure, the Group adopts measures aimed at increasing the well-being and comfort of employees (for example, access to a carpooling platform for the Cagliari office, the possibility of converting the productivity bonus into welfare services for the main Italian companies of the Group). In addition, the Group organizes specific corporate events aimed at ensuring the loyalty of its employees and at managing the risk of a possible lack of attraction of talents, also through participation in external events that can increase their visibility.

4.4.3 Policies adopted and/or practiced

The Group, as indicated in the Ethical Code, respects and protects the dignity, health, safety and privacy of its employees, informing them, at time of hiring and after any change in the production processes, regarding their rights as well as the risks in which they may incur in carrying out their work performance. The Group protects, in particular, the physical and moral integrity of its employees and collaborators, ensuring working conditions that respect individual dignity, in compliance with the current regulations about employee safety and health. The Group supervises in order that no violence or psychological coercion acts, as well as any behavior that damages the individual dignity occur.

4.4.4 Model

As indicated in the general description in the introduction of Ch. 3, currently there is no a centralized model and the operating management of the human resources topics (e.g. personnel management and related topics, turnover, etc.) is delegated to the individual companies of the Group.

In the area of personnel management, subsidiary Agenzia Italia S.p.A. has adopted a corporate policy that regulates the entire process of human resources management. In particular, the policy defines the guidelines for the process of selecting, hiring and developing personnel up to the time of termination of the employment contract.



4.4.5 Performance indicators

As of December 31, 2019, the Group employs 2,006 resources, up 5% if compared to the previous year. Such increase is mainly attributable to the acquisition of EW Group, occurred in 2019. During 2019, against the termination of 578 employees, the employees hired were 613.

	Unit of		New hires	T		Terminations	
	meas urem ent	2019	2018	2017	2019	2018	2017
Men	n.	228	194	145	218	179	122
Men	%	11%	10%	9%	11%	9%	8%
W	n.	385	391	257	360	337	190
Women	%	19%	21%	16%	18%	18%	12%
T-4-1	n.	613	585	402	578	516	312
Total	%	31%	31%	26%	29%	27%	20%
New hires	and tern	ninations by	age*				
< 30 years	n.	377	373	278	334	289	216
old	%	19%	20%	18%	17%	15%	14%
$30 \le x \le$	n.	234	211	121	233	217	92
50 years old	%	12%	11%	8%	12%	11%	6%
> 50 years	n.	2	1	3	11	10	4
old	%	0%	0.1%	0.2%	1%	1%	0.3%
	n.	613	585	402	578	516	312
Total	%	31%	31%	26%	29%	27%	20%
New hires	and tern	ninations by	Country*				
	n.	396	360	196	365	296	136
Italy	%	20%	19%	12%	18%	16%	9%
	n.	217	225	206	213	220	176
Romania	%	11%	12%	13%	11%	12%	11%
	n.	613	585	402	578	516	312
Total	0/0	31%	31%	26%	29%	27%	20%

^{*} The percentage rates reported in the table refer to the ratio between the new hires/terminations, in the reference category, and the total number of employees as of December 31. Italian data also include Spanish data (represented by a negligible number of employees). The total percentage may differ from the sum of the partial percentages because of rounding. The above figures also include external workers (e.g. "somministrati") as they can be assimilated in several respects to employees with an employment contract.



The number of employees, as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, divided by employment contract type, gender and country is reported below:

Employees, divided by employment contract type, gender and country*								
		2019 2018						
	Permanent	Temporary	Total	Permanent	Temporary	Total		
Men	600	57	657	567	47	614		
Women	1,254	95	1,349	1,193	96	1,289		
Total	1,854	152	2,006	1,760	143	1,903		
Of which in Italy	1,379	147	1,526	1,297	130	1,427		
Of which in Romania	475	5	480	463	13	476		

^{*} The numbers above also include external workers (e.g. "somministrati"), which can be assimilated to workers with an employment contract. Italian data also include Spanish data (represented by a negligible number of employees).

The number of employees, as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, divided by employment contract type and gender is reported below:

Employees, divided by employment contract type and gender*							
	Full Time	Part Time	Total	Full Time	Part Time	Total	
Men	642	15	657	592	22	614	
Women	1,205	144	1,349	1,150	139	1,289	
Total	1,847	159	2,006	1,742	161	1,903	

^{*}The numbers above also include external workers (e.g. "somministrati"), which can be assimilated to workers with an employment contract.

100% of the employees as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 are covered by collective bargaining agreements.

4.5 Respect of human rights field

4.5.1 Material topics

Based on the analysis conducted (see the introduction to this chapter 4 for details), the material topic for the Group in the area of human rights protection is non-discrimination.

Respect for human rights is one of the principles on which all the Group's behaviors are based. The Ethical Code of the Group regulates the respect of values such as the protection of human resources, equal opportunities, meritocracy, intolerance towards any form of discrimination and the development of a positive working environment, and its application is extended to all employees and third parties having relations with the Group.

4.5.2 Risks

The main risks identified with reference to the respect of human rights, which may be relevant in the perspective of the pursuit of our long-term business strategy, are attributable to:

- reputational risks, in case of potential violations (real or presumed) of universally recognized human rights, in particular possible discrimination cases, related to the direct or indirect workforce (supply chain) or to the local community where the Group operates. The failure to respect human rights could materialize, for example, in child labor, forced labor, or strongly negative impact on the local communities;
- operating risks, related to a poor management of any issues about real or presumed abuse of the human rights;
- legal and compliance risks, in case of management of any litigations, linked to the respect of human rights.

With regard to these risks, in addition to the Code of Ethics which defines the principles of conduct and guidelines relating to the areas mentioned by the Italian Legislative Decree 254/2016, the Group has not adopted specific management methods, as a result of the high level of control that characterizes the Countries where the Group companies carry out their activities.

4.5.3 Policies adopted and/or practiced

The Group, as indicated in the Ethical Code of the Group, of Agenzia Italia S.p.A. and Eagle & Wise Service S.r.l., avoids any kind of discrimination based on gender or sexual orientation, on race, on national origin, on geographical origin, on religion, as well as on any other potential parameters established by the current laws.

4.5.4 Model

Please refer to the general description in the introduction of the Ch. 4, as currently no specific organizational structures for management of topics related to the respect of human rights have been implemented by the Group.

4.5.5 Performance indicators

With reference to respect for human rights, during financial years ended December 31, 2017, 2018 and 2019, no episodes of discrimination or violation of human rights have emerged.



With reference to the composition of the Issuer's Board of Directors, it should be noted that it is composed of 6 men and 3 women, in compliance with the gender balance required by law and by the Code of Conduct applicable to listed companies.

4.6 Anti-corruption field (active and passive)

4.6.1 Material topics

Based on the analysis conducted (for any details please refer to the introduction of this chapter 4), the anti-corruption topic appears to be material for the Group, not so much for the occurrence of any corruption events, as for the intrinsic relevance of the issue, also in relation to the nature of some business where the activities of some companies of the Group are focused.

4.6.2 Risks

In the anti-corruption field, the main risks which may be relevant in the perspective of the pursuit of our long-term business strategy, are linked to the commission of corruption acts from/toward the Public Administration and from/toward private parties.

In particular, such risks can be attributable to:

- reputational risks;
- operating risks;
- compliance risks and subsequent exposure of the organization to criminal penalties in the countries where there is a regulation against corruption.

The risks linked to corruption can involve several business processes and they are identified in relation to the types of crimes predicted by the L.D. n. 231/2001, such as for example bribery crimes, wrongful induction to give or promise advantages, the instigation to corruption, the corruption for an official act, etc.

In response to these risks, the Group has developed and implemented specific internal policies and procedures aimed at the operational management of these areas and described below. These tools guarantee, together with those required by current legislation, the necessary organizational and management controls.

4.6.3 Policies adopted and/or practiced

The Ethical Code establishes the ethical criteria that inspire the Group, and the principles of legality, loyalty, fairness and transparency that the Group commits to respect, with specific regard to the purpose of preventing corruption and similar crimes, pursuant to 231 Model (please refer to the following section).

4.6.4 Model

Different types of potential crimes related to corruption in its various forms (e.g. crimes in the relations with the Public Administration, induction not to make statements or to make false statements to the judicial authority, corruption between private parties) are at the center of the structure of the 231 Model. In order to prevent such crimes, the 231 Model establishes the behavioral standards to respect in the dealings with the Public Administration, in the relations with employees and with goods and services suppliers and in the context of high-risk activities with regard to corporate crimes, coherently with the business ethical standards provided by the Ethical Code of the Group. Generally, for all those subjects that, for any reasons, operate in the context of "sensitive" activities on behalf or for the interest of the Group, it is forbidden to put in place, to collaborate or to keep behaviors such that, individually or collectively considered, integrate or can



integrate, directly or indirectly, the types of crimes predicted by the 231 Model. It is also prohibited to put in place behaviors that lead to situations of conflict of interest versus representatives of the Public Administration.

The Supervisory Body is delegated with the task of evaluating the effectiveness of the procedures and the compliance with the requirements of the 231 Model pertaining the prevention of the crimes described above.

It should also be noted that the Group has a purchasing procedure, which governs the processes relating to purchases, gifts and hiring, in order to avoid possible corruption. This procedure is mentioned in both the Ethical Code and the 231 Model.

Furthermore, the subsidiary Centro Processi Assicurativi S.r.l., a company belonging to the Insurance BPO business line, which provides services for the outsourced management of insurance claims in favor of various public entities, adopted an anti-corruption regulation aimed at preventing possible corruption offences and at bringing to light potential conflicts of interest within its own organization with regard to persons who have spending and decision-making powers within public entities, including potential customers.

As part of the fight against corruption, Agenzia Italia S.p.A. has also adopted a specific internal regulation governing relations between the company and the Public Administration, with the aim of defining the operating procedures, responsibilities and internal control systems through which such relations take place.

4.6.5 Performance indicators

With regard to potential risks related to corruption, during the year ended December 31, 2017 the Group considered it necessary to pay attention to the Insurance BPO business line, which provides a part of its services to the Public Administration and public entities, by adopting a procedure aimed at identifying potential risk items (e.g. potential conflicts of interest). With reference to the financial years ended December 31, 2018 and 2019 and in addition to the Insurance BPO business line, the Group adopted specific internal procedures for the company Agenzia Italia S.p.A. in the context of relations with the Public Administration.

With regard to the fight against corruption, during the financial years ended December 31, 2017, 2018 and 2019, no cases of corruption occurred.

5. METHODOLOGICAL NOTE

This non-financial information of the Group is compliant to the requirements of the Legislative Decree n. 254/2016 about the disclosure obligation regarding the non-financial information for large public-interest entities. Such information aims to ensure the comprehension of the Group activity, of its performance, of its results and of the impact produced covering the relevant environmental, social, human resources, respect of human rights and active and passive anti-corruption topics, that are considered relevant taking into account the activities and the characteristics of the Group.

5.1 The reporting scope and standard

This non-financial information is related to the year 2019 (from January 1, to December 31), coherently with the reference period of the Consolidated Financial Report, and it also includes, if available, the non-financial performance indicators of 2017 and 2018, to provide a comparison with the previous years. The reporting scope, coherently with the requirements of the Decree, corresponds with the one used for the Consolidated Financial Report (please refer to the Organizational Structure of the Group as of December 31, 2019, reported in the par. 3.1.4 "Organizational Structure"), and includes the entities consolidated line-by-line for the Financial Report.

Below is reported a table showing the correlation between the areas of the Decree and the material topics identified by the Group, reporting in correspondence with each of them the related reporting perimeter and any limitations:

Areas of the Decree	Material topics	Topic perimeter		Perimeter limitations	
		Internal	External	Internal	External
Environment	Energy consumptions	Group	-	Reporting not extended to the operating offices with	-
	Atmospheric emissions (greenhouse gas)	Group	-	less than 10 employees as of December 31, 2019	-
Social	Privacy protection	Group	-	-	-
	Social and economic compliance	Group	-	-	
	Business Ethic	Group	-	-	-
Personnel	Personnel management	Group	-	-	-
	Training	Group	-	-	-
Human Rights	Non- discrimination	Group	-	-	-
Anti-corruption	Fight against corruption	Group	-	-	-

The reporting standard adopted by the Group for the elaboration of this report, are the GRI Sustainability Reporting Standards published in 2016 by Global Reporting Initiative (GRI); in particular, this document has been prepared according to the option "In accordance – Core" of GRI Standards.

5.2 The reporting process and the calculation methods

The qualitative and quantitative information included in this NFI were selected by a specific team of the Group, based on the materiality analysis (for further details please refer to the chapter 3 in the "Material topics" section) and they were collected through specifically defined data collection sheets, in order that the indicators were aligned with the disclosure of the GRI Standards.

In this document, where necessary, a specific note has been included to indicate changes in 2018 performance data; in some cases, comparative data for new indicators introduced with this NFI have been reported.

The NFI is subject to limited review by EY S.p.A. in accordance with the provisions of L.D. 254/2016.

Below we report the main calculation methods and assumptions for the non-financial performance indicators reported in this NFI, in addition to what previously indicated.

Energy consumption and greenhouse gas emissions

The conversion factors used to harmonize energy consumption come from the table "UK Government GHG Conversion Factors for Company Reporting – Fuel properties" of the DEFRA, for years 2018 and 2019.

For the calculation of the greenhouse gas emissions we used a prudential estimates approach. In particular, the greenhouse gas emissions were calculated in the following way:

- direct emissions (Scope 1), expressed in terms of equivalent CO₂: for the emissions related to
 the consumption of natural gas, diesel and gasoline fuel, we used the emission factors reported
 in "UK Government GHG Conversion Factors for Company Reporting Fuel properties" of
 the DEFRA, in the 2017, 2018 and 2019 editions;
- indirect energetic emissions (Scope 2), expressed in terms of CO₂: for the calculation of the emissions related to electric energy we considered the factors, for each country, reported in the table "Tabella 49 Principali indicatori socio-economici ed energetici", published by Terna in the section "Confronti Internazionali", and available in their most recent version (2017 data) for the Location-based approach and the "Residual Mix" published by the Association of Issuing Bodies in 2018 for the Market-based approach.

Personnel management

The new hire and termination rates were calculated with respect to the total number of employees as of December 31 for the three years subject to the disclosure.

5.3 GRI Content Index

GRI Standards	Disclosure	Paragraph	Omission		
GRI 102: General Discl		. 0 1			
	Organizational profile				
GRI 102:	102-1 Name of the organization	3.1			
General Disclosures	102-2 Activities, brands, products and services	3.1			
2016	102-3 Location of headquarters	3.1.4			
	102-4 Location of operations	3.1.4			
	102-5 Ownership and legal form	3.2.1			
	102-6 Markets served	3.1.2			
	102-7 Scale of the organization	3.1.1			
	102-8 Information on employees and other workers	4.4.5			
	102-9 Supply chain	3.1.2			
	102-10 Significant changes to the organization and its	3.1.4			
	supply chain				
	102-11 Precautionary Principle or approach	The Group does not apply the precautionary approach to the management of non-financial			
	102 12 External initiatives	issues.			
	102-12 External initiatives 102-13 Membership of associations	3.1.3			
	*	3.1.3			
	Strategy 102-14 Statement from senior decision-maker	2	1		
	102-14 Statement from senior decision-maker 102-15 Key impacts, risks, and opportunities	4.1.1-4.1.2			
		4.1.1-4.1.2			
	Ethics and Integrity 102-16 Values, principles, standards and norms of behavior	3.1, 3.1.3			
	Governance	3.1, 3.1.3			
	102-18 Governance structure	3.2	1		
		3.2			
	Stakeholder engagement 102-40 List of stakeholder groups	3.1.3			
	<u> </u>	+			
	102-41 Collective bargaining agreements	4.4.4 3.1.3			
	102-42 Identifying and selecting stakeholders 102-43 Approach to stakeholder engagement	3.1.3			
	102-44 Key topics and concerns raised 3.1.3				
	Reporting practice 102-45 Entities included in the consolidated financial 3.1.4				
	statements	3.1.4			
	102-46 Defining report content and topic Boundaries	3.1.4			
ļ	102-47 List of material topics	4.1.1			
ļ	102-48 Restatements of information	5.2-4.2.5			
	102-49 Changes in reporting	3.1.4			
	102-50 Reporting period	5.1			
	102-51 Date of most recent report	5.1			
ļ	102-52 Reporting cycle	5.1			
	102-53 Contact point for questions regarding the report	5.2			
	102-54 Claims of reporting in accordance with the GRI	5.1			
	Standards				
	102-55 GRI Content Index	5.3			
	102-56 External assurance	5.2			
GRI 200: Economic Sta	andard Series		1		
	103-1 Explanation of the material topic and its boundary	4.1.1, 5.1			
		4.6			
* *					
GRI 200: Economic Sta Anti-corruption GRI 103: Management Approach 2016 GRI 205: Anti-	103-1 Explanation of the material topic and its boundary 103-2 The management approach and its components 103-3 Evaluation of the management approach 205-1 Operations assessed for risks related to corruption	4.1.1, 5.1 4.6 4.6.5 4.6.5			

corruption 2016		
Anti-competitive Beha	vior	<u>'</u>
GRI 103:	103-1 Explanation of the material topic and its boundary	4.1.1, 5.1
Management	103-2 The management approach and its components	4.3
Approach 2016	103-3 Evaluation of the management approach	4.3.5
GRI 206: Anti-	206-1 Legal actions for anti-competitive behavior, anti-trust,	4.3.5
competitive Behavior	and monopoly practices	
2016	1 71	
GRI 300: Environment	al Standards Series	
Energy		
GRI 103:	103-1 Explanation of the material topic and its boundary	4.1.1, 5.1
Management	103-2 The management approach and its components	4.2
Approach 2016	103-3 Evaluation of the management approach	4.2.5
GRI 302: Energy 2016	302-1 Energy consumption within the organization	4.2.5
Emissions		,
GRI 103:	103-1 Explanation of the material topic and its boundary	4.1.1, 5.1
Management	103-2 The management approach and its components	4.2
Approach 2016	103-3 Evaluation of the management approach	4.2.5
GRI 305: Emissions	305-1 Direct (Scope 1) GHG emissions	4.2.5
2016	305-2 Energy indirect (Scope 2) GHG emissions	4.2.5
GRI 400: Social Standa	ards Series	
Employment		
GRI 103:	103-1 Explanation of the material topic and its boundary	4.1.1, 5.1
Management	103-2 The management approach and its components	4.4
Approach 2016	103-3 Evaluation of the management approach	4.44
GRI 401: Employment	401-1 New employee hires and employee turnover	4.4.4
2016		
Non-discrimination		
GRI 103:	103-1 Explanation of the material topic and its boundary	4.1.1, 5.1
Management	103-2 The management approach and its components	4.5
Approach 2016	103-3 Evaluation of the management approach	4.5.5
GRI 406-1	406-1 Incidents of discrimination and corrective actions	4.5.5
	taken	
Customer Privacy		
GRI 103:	103-1 Explanation of the material topic and its boundary	4.1.1, 5.1
Management	103-2 The management approach and its components	4.3
Approach 2016	103-3 Evaluation of the management approach	4.3.5
GRI 418: Customer	418-1 Substantiated complaints concerning breaches of	4.3.5
Privacy 2016	customer privacy and losses of customer data	
Socioeconomic Compl		
GRI 103:	103-1 Explanation of the material topic and its boundary	4.1.1, 5.1
Management	103-2 The management approach and its components	4.3
Approach 2016	103-3 Evaluation of the management approach	4.3.5
GRI 419:	419-1 Non-compliance with laws and regulations in the	4.3.5
Socioeconomic	social and economic area	
Compliance 2016		

* * *

For further information about this document, please refer to: Gruppo MutuiOnline S.p.A. Via Desenzano 2, 20146 Milan investor.relations@gruppomol.it



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Independent auditors' report on the consolidated disclosure of non-financial information in accordance with Article 3, par. 10, of Legislative Decree 254/2016 and with Article 5 of Consob Regulation adopted with Resolution n. 20267 of 18th January 2018

(Translation from the original Italian text)

To the Board of Directors of Gruppo MutuiOnline S.p.A.

We have been appointed to perform a limited assurance engagement pursuant to Article 3, paragraph 10, of Legislative Decree 30 December 2016, n. 254 (hereinafter "Decree") and article 5 of Consob Regulation adopted with Resolution 20267/2018, on the consolidated disclosure of non-financial information of Gruppo MutuiOnline S.p.A. and its subsidiaries (hereinafter the "Group") for the year ended on 31st December 2019 in accordance with article 4 of the Decree approved by the Board of Directors on 13th March 2020 (hereinafter "DNF").

Responsibilities of Directors and Board of Statutory Auditors for the DNF

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of the DNF in accordance with the requirements of articles 3 and 4 of the Decree and the "Global Reporting Initiative Sustainability Reporting Standards" by GRI – Global Reporting Initiative ("GRI Standards"), identified by them as a reporting standard.

The Directors are also responsible, within the terms provided by law, for that part of internal control that they consider necessary in order to allow the preparation of the DNF that is free from material misstatements caused by fraud or not intentional behaviors or events.

The Directors are also responsible for identifying the contents of the DNF within the matters mentioned in article 3, par. 1, of the Decree, considering the business and the characteristics of the Group and to the extent deemed necessary to ensure the understanding of the Group's business, its performance, its results and its impact.

The Directors are also responsible for defining the Group's management and organization business model, as well as with reference to the matters identified and reported in the DNF, for the policies applied by the Group and for identifying and managing the risks generated or incurred by the Group.

The Board of Statutory Auditors is responsible, within the terms provided by the law, for overseeing the compliance with the requirements of the Decree.

Auditors' independence and quality control

We are independent in accordance with the ethics and independence principles of the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants issued by the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants, based on fundamental principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and diligence, confidentiality and professional behavior. Our audit firm applies the International Standard on Quality Control 1 (ISQC Italia 1) and, as a result, maintains a quality control system that includes documented policies and procedures regarding compliance with ethical requirements, professional standards and applicable laws and regulations.

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Auditors' responsibility

It is our responsibility to express, on the basis of the procedures performed, a conclusion about the compliance of the DNF with the requirements of the Decree and of the GRI Standards. Our work has been performed in accordance with the principle of "International Standard on Assurance Engagements ISAE 3000 (Revised) - Assurance Engagements Other than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" (hereinafter "ISAE 3000 Revised"), issued by the International Auditing and Assurance Standards Board (IAASB) for limited assurance engagements. This principle requires the planning and execution of work in order to obtain a limited assurance that the DNF is free from material misstatements. Therefore, the extent of work performed in our examination was lower than that required for a full examination according to the ISAE 3000 Revised ("reasonable assurance engagement") and, hence, it does not provide assurance that we have become aware of all significant matters and events that would be identified during a reasonable assurance engagement.

The procedures performed on the DNF were based on our professional judgment and included inquiries, primarily with company's personnel responsible for the preparation of the information included in the DNF, documents analysis, recalculations and other procedures in order to obtain evidences considered appropriate.

In particular, we have performed the following procedures:

- analysis of the relevant matters in relation to the activities and characteristics of the Group reported in the DNF, in order to assess the reasonableness of the selection process applied in accordance with the provisions of article 3 of the Decree and considering the reporting standard applied;
- 2. analysis and evaluation of the criteria for identifying the consolidation area, in order to evaluate its compliance with the provisions of the Decree;
- 3. comparison of the economic and financial data and information included in the DNF with those included in the MutuiOnline Group's consolidated financial statements;
- 4. understanding of the following aspects:
 - Group's management and organization business model, with reference to the management of the matters indicated in the article 3 of the Decree;
 - policies adopted by the Group related to the matters indicated in the article 3 of the Decree, results achieved and related key performance indicators;
 - o main risks, generated or suffered related to the matters indicated in the article 3 of the Decree.

With regard to these aspects, we obtained the documentation supporting the information contained in the DNF and performed the procedures described in item 5. a) below

5. understanding of the processes that lead to the generation, detection and management of significant qualitative and quantitative information included in the DNF. In particular, we have conducted interviews and discussions with the management of Gruppo MutuiOnline S.p.A. and with the personnel of 7Pixel S.r.I. and we have performed limited documentary evidence procedures, in order to collect information about the processes and procedures that support the collection, aggregation, processing and transmission of non-financial data and information to the management responsible for the preparation of the DNF.



Furthermore, for significant information, considering the Group activities and characteristics:

- at Group level
 - a) with reference to the qualitative information included in the DNF, and in particular to the business model, policies implemented and main risks, we carried out inquiries and acquired supporting documentation to verify its consistency with the available evidence;
 - b) with reference to quantitative information, we have performed both analytical procedures and limited assurance procedures to ascertain on a sample basis the correct aggregation of data.
- For the company 7Pixel S.r.l., that we have selected based on their activities, relevance to the consolidated performance indicators and location, we performed on-site visits during which we have had discussions with management and have obtained evidence about the appropriate application of the procedures and the calculation methods used to determine the indicators.

Conclusions

Based on the procedures performed, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the DNF of the MutuiOnline Group for the year ended on 31st December 2019 has not been prepared, in all material aspects, in accordance with the requirements of articles 3 and 4 of the Decree and the GRI Standards.

Milan, 30th March 2020

EY S.p.A.

Signed by: Lorenzo Secchi (Auditor)

This report has been translated into the English language solely for the convenience of international readers.